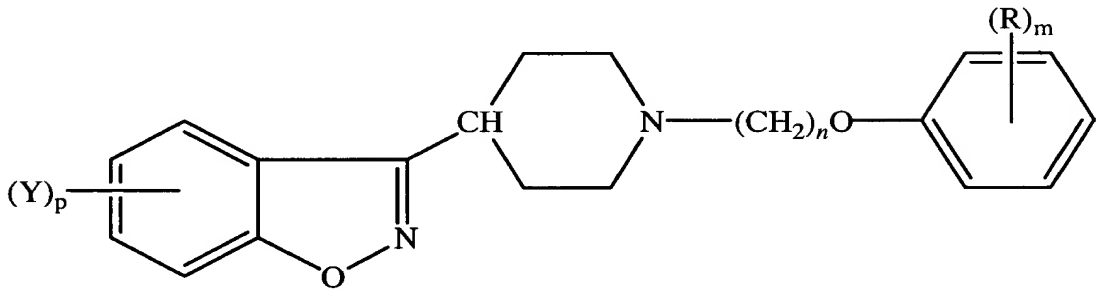
In the Claims

Please amend Claims 78 and 80 as follows.

78. (Amended three times) A compound of the formula:



wherein p is 1 or 2;

Y is hydrogen, Cl, Br, or F, when p is 1;

Y is lower alkoxy[, hydroxy, or halogen] when p is 2;

n is 2, 3, or 4;

R is hydrogen, C_1-C_3 alkyl, C_1-C_3 alkoxy, hydroxyl, [alkanoyl,] Cl, F, Br, I, amino, C_1-C_3 mono or dialkyl amino, acylamino, $-NO_2$, $-OCF_3$, $-CF_3$, alkyl–C(=O)–, CF_3–C(=O)–, or $-CH(OR_7)$–alkyl;

alkyl is lower alkyl;

R_7 is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkyl–C(=O)–, or CF_3–C(=O)–;

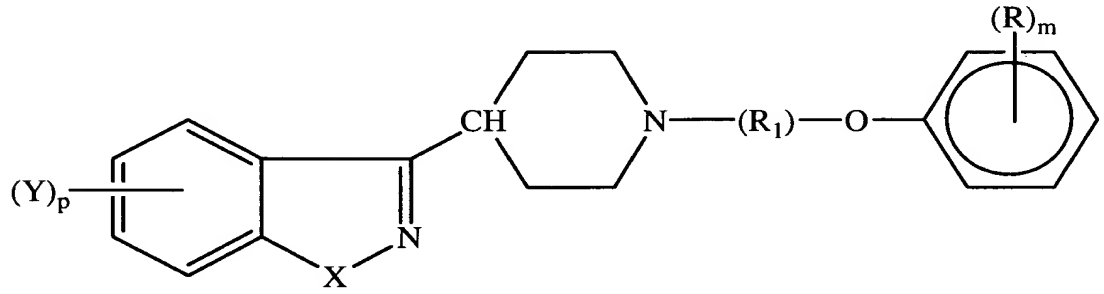
and m is 1, 2, or 3;

all geometric, optical and stereoisomers thereof or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof.

80. (Amended five times) A compound as claimed in claim 1 [of the formula:

wherein

X is –O– or –S–;



p is 1 or 2;

Y is hydrogen, lower alkyl, hydroxy, chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine, lower alkoxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, or amino, when p is 1;

Y is lower alkoxy, hydroxy and halogen when p is 2 and X is –O–;

(R_1) is R_{20}, R_{21}, or R_{22}, wherein:

R_{20} is $-(CH_2)_n-$ where n is 2, 3, 4 or 5;

R_{21} is

$-CH_2-CH=CH-CH_2-$,

$-CH_2-C\equiv C-CH_2-$,

$-CH_2-CH=CH-CH_2-CH_2-$,

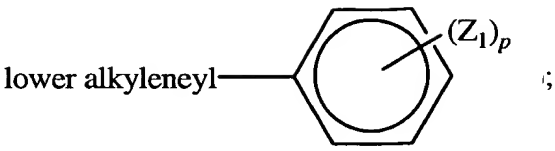
$-CH_2-CH_2-CH=CH-CH_2-$,

$-CH_2-C\equiv C-CH_2-CH_2-$, or

$-CH_2-CH_2-C\equiv C-CH_2-$,

the –CH=CH– bond being cis or trans;

R_{22} is R_{20} or R_{21} in which one or more carbon atoms of R_{20} or R_{21} are substituted by at least one C_1-C_6 linear alkyl group, phenyl group or



;

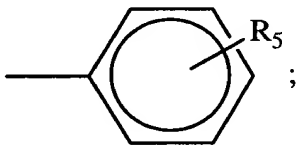
where Z_1 is lower alkyl, -OH, lower alkoxy, $-CF_3$, $-NO_2$, $-NH_2$ or halogen; and R and m are as defined hereinafter;

m is 1, 2, or 3; and

when m is 1, 2, or 3, R is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxyl, carboxyl, chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine, amino, lower mono or dialkylamino, nitro, lower alkyl thio, trifluoromethoxy, cyano, acylamino, trifluoromethyl, trifluoroacetyl, aminocarbonyl, monoalkylaminocarbonyl, dialkylaminocarbonyl, formyl, -C(=O)-alkyl, -C(=O)-O-alkyl, -C(=O)-aryl, -C(=O)-heteroaryl, $-CH(OR^7)$-alkyl, -C(=W)-alkyl, -C(=W)-aryl, and -C(=W)-heteroaryl;

alkyl is lower alkyl;

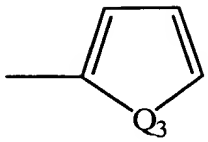
aryl is phenyl or



;

where R_5 is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine, lower monoalkylamino, lower dialkylamino, nitro, cyano, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy;

heteroaryl is



;

Q_3 is –O–, –S–, –NH–, –CH=N–;

W is CH_2 or CHR_8 or $N–R_9$;

R_7 is hydrogen, lower alkyl, or acyl;

R_8 is lower alkyl;

R_9 is hydroxy, lower alkoxy, or $–NHR_{10}$; and

R_{10} is hydrogen, lower alkyl, C_1-C_3 acyl, aryl,

–C(=O)–aryl or –C(=O)–heteroaryl,

where aryl and heteroaryl are as defined above;

and]

with the proviso that when m is 3, R is not –C(=O)–heteroaryl [or –C(=W)–heteroaryl];

[all geometric, optical and stereoisomers thereof,] or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof.